

#	English	Translation	Definition
1.	ENT (Ear Nose Throat) <i>Syn.</i> Otorhinolaryngology	ЛОР <i>Син.</i> Отоларингология (жен.р.)	A medical specialty that treats ear, nose, and throat problems.
2.	ENT doctor <i>Syn.</i> Otolaryngologist	ЛОР врач, Лор-врач (муж.р.) <i>Син.</i> Отоларинголог	A physician who specializes in the disorders of the ear, nose, throat.
3.	Ear	Ухо (сред.р.), (мн.ч.) уши	The sense organ for hearing and balance.
4.	Earlobe	Мочка (уха) (жен.р.)	The soft, fleshy, pendulous lower part of the external ear.
5.	External ear <i>Syn.</i> Outer ear	Ушная раковина (жен.р.)	The outer portion of the ear, extending from the visible organ on the head to the ear drum.
6.	Ear canal	(Наружный) Слуховой проход (муж.р.)	The tube-like passage through which sound enters the ear.
7.	Ear drum <i>Syn.</i> tympanic membrane	Барабанная перепонка (жен.р.)	A thin membrane that separates the external ear from the middle ear. Its function is to transmit sound from the air to the bones inside the middle ear. Rupture or perforation of the eardrum can lead to hearing loss.
8.	Middle ear	Среднее ухо (сред.р.)	The middle ear is the space behind the eardrum.
9.	Inner ear	Внутреннее ухо (сред.р.)	The internal portion of the ear inside the skull involved in hearing and balance.
10.	Vestibular system	Вестибулярный аппарат (муж.р.)	The vestibular system detects motion of the head in space and in turn generates reflexes that help us maintain balance. It also provides us with our subjective sense of movement and orientation in space.
11.	Eustachian tube	Евстахиева труба (жен.р.)	The tube that connects the middle ear with the back of the nose. Normally this tube lets fluid drain out of the middle ear.
12.	Ear wax	Ушная сера (жен.р.)	A wax-like secretion from glands in the ear canal.

13.	Buildup	Накопление (сред.р.) Ear wax buildup - пробка	A gradual accumulation or increase of something negative and typically leading to a problem.
14.	Q-tip	Ватная палочка (жен.р.)	A brand of cotton-tipped swab used especially for cleansing a small area or for applying medications.
15.	Ear discharge <i>Syn. Otorrhea</i>	Выделения из уха (мн.ч., сред.р.) Син. "ухо течет" (разг., ед.ч., сред.р.), Оторрея (форм. термин, жен.р.)	Fluid that drains from the ear canal.
16.	Otoscope	Отоскоп (муж.р.)	Instrument for examining the ear canal.
17.	Earache	Боль в ухе, ушная боль (жен.р.) I have an earache. – У меня болит ухо.	Sensation of pain centered in the ear canal.
18.	Swimmer's ear <i>Syn. Otitis externa</i>	Летний отит (разг., муж.р.), "ухо пловца" (разг., сред.р.) Син. Наружный отит (форм., муж.р.), Воспаление слухового прохода (сред.р.)	A condition that occurs when water is trapped in the ear canal, leading to an infection in the outer ear and ear canal.
19.	Otitis media with effusion	Средний серозный отит (муж.р.), Син. Средний отит с выпотом (муж.р.)	A condition which occurs when there is fluid (effusion) in the middle ear. Fluid in the middle ear usually doesn't bother children. It almost always goes away on its own in a few weeks to a few months. So, this kind of ear problem doesn't usually need to be treated with antibiotics, unless the fluid doesn't go away.
20.	Ruptured eardrum <i>Syn. Perforated eardrum</i>	Разрыв барабанной перепонки (муж.р.) Син. Перфорация барабанной перепонки (жен.р.)	A condition resulting in an opening or hole in the eardrum. Damage to the eardrum may harm hearing.
21.	Mastoid bone	Сосцевидный отросток (височной кости) (муж.р.)	A large bone at the base of the skull behind the ear, containing air spaces that connect with the middle ear cavity.
22.	Mastoiditis	Мастоидит (муж.р.)	An infection of the bone behind the ear. It is usually caused by a middle ear infection (acute otitis media). The infection may spread from the ear to the mastoid bone of the skull. The mastoid bone fills with infected materials and its honeycomb-like structure may deteriorate.
23.	Ear barotrauma	Баротравмой уха (жен.р.)	Medical problems that arise from the pressure differences between ears and the environment (water, air) and is a particular concern for scuba divers. It may also happen during an airplane flight.



24.	External ear squeeze	Сжатие внешнего уха (сред.р.) Син. Баротравма внешнего уха (жен.р.)	A type of barotrauma, which occurs when your ear canal is blocked by something such as earwax. As the water pressure increases while you descend, the air pocket between the obstruction and the eardrum shrinks. This can damage the tissue in the ear canal, usually your eardrum.
25.	Middle ear squeeze	Сжатие среднего уха (сред.р.) Син. Баротравма среднего уха (жен.р.)	A type of barotrauma, which occurs when you cannot equalize the pressure in your middle ear.
26.	Vestibular disorder	Нарушение вестибулярного аппарата (сред.р.)	A dysfunction of the balance organs of the inner ear
27.	Dizziness	Головокружение (сред.р.)	A sensation of lightheadedness, faintness, or unsteadiness. It can be a primary sign of a vestibular disorder in addition to a broad array of cardiovascular, neurological, metabolic, vision, and psychological problems.
28.	Vertigo	Вертиго (сред.р.)	A rotational, spinning sensation. An extreme feeling of the surrounding area spinning or moving.
29.	Disequilibrium	Нарушение координации, Нарушение равновесия (сред.р.)	A feeling of unsteadiness, imbalance, or loss of equilibrium that is often accompanied by spatial disorientation.
30.	Labyrinthitis	Лабиринтит (муж.р.)	An ear disorder that involves irritation and swelling (inflammation) of the inner ear.
31.	Meniere's disease	Болезнь Меньера	An inner ear disorder that affects balance and hearing.
32.	Ringling in the Ears (<i>colloq.</i>) Syn. Tinnitus	Шум в ушах (и в голове), Звон в ушах, (муж.р.) “У меня в ушах звенит” Син. Тиннитус	"Hearing" noises in your ears when there is no outside source of the sounds. The noises you hear can be soft or loud. They may sound like ringing, blowing, roaring, buzzing, hissing, humming, whistling, or sizzling.
33.	Acoustic neuroma	Невринома слухового нерва (жен.р.)	A noncancerous growth or tumor on the auditory nerve near the inner ear. The auditory nerve carries sound impulses from the ear to the brain. An acoustic neuroma grows slowly and can cause hearing loss in the affected ear. Although the growth is not cancerous, it can press on other nerves or brain tissues as it grows.
34.	To pull on the ear Syn. To tug at the ear	Теребить ухо Син. Тереть уши (in this context)	To hold onto the ear and move it towards yourself or down.
35.	A stuffy or plugged-up feeling in the ear	Ощущение заложенности в ухе	A feeling in the ear as if something obstructs it.



36.	Muffled hearing	Слышать как-бы приглушенные звуки	Hearing sounds not at their actual volume but as if being obstructed in some way; muted.
37.	Ear drops	Ушные капли (мн.ч., жен.р.)	Liquid medicine designed to be dripped into the ear canal.
38.	Otologic surgery	Операция на ухе (жен.р.)	Surgery performed on the external, middle or internal ear.
39.	Ear tubes <i>Syn. Tympanostomy tubes</i>	Ушные трубки (мн.ч., жен.р.) <i>Син. Тимпаностомические трубки</i>	Tiny plastic tubes that help drain the fluid from the middle ear, and balance the pressure in a child's ears. They allow air into the middle ear so that fluid can drain out down the eustachian tube. They're put into the eardrum during surgery and stay in place for an average of 6 to 9 months. The tubes are usually left in place until they fall out on their own or your doctor decides your child no longer needs them.
40.	Hearing test <i>Syn. Audiometric test</i>	Проверка слуха <i>Син. Аудиометрия</i>	Part of an ear examination that evaluates a person's ability to hear by measuring the ability of sound to reach the brain. The test is often performed using an audiometer.
41.	Audiometer	Аудиометр (муж.р.)	A device used to determine a person's hearing sensitivity at different frequencies.
42.	Audiologist	Аудиолог (муж.р.)	Hearing specialists who are trained to identify, diagnose, measure, and treat hearing disorders or balance problems.
43.	Hearing loss	Потеря слуха (жен.р.)	The inability to hear sound either partly or totally in one or both ears.
44.	Hard of hearing (adj) <i>Syn. Hearing-impaired</i>	Слабослышащий (муж.р.)	A term applied to persons whose hearing is impaired but who have enough hearing left for practical use; having reduced or deficient hearing ability;
45.	Deaf	Глухой	Partially or wholly lacking or deprived of the sense of hearing; unable to hear.
46.	Hearing aid	Слуховой аппарат (муж.р.)	A small device that fits in or on the ear, worn by a hard of hearing person to amplify sound.
47.	Completely-in-the-canal hearing aid	Внутриканальный слуховой аппарат (муж.р.)	A device that is molded to fit inside your ear canal and can improve mild to moderate hearing loss in adults.
48.	In-the-ear hearing aid <i>Syn. Full-shell</i>	Внутришной слуховой аппарат (муж.р.)	A custom made device that fills most of the bowl-shaped area of your outer ear. This style is helpful for people with mild to severe hearing loss.



49.	Behind-the-ear hearing aid	Заушный слуховой аппарат (муж.р.)	A device that hooks over the top of your ear and rests behind the ear. The hearing aid picks up sound, amplifies it and carries the amplified sound to an ear mold that fits inside your ear canal. This style is appropriate for almost all types of hearing loss and for people of all ages.
50.	Open-fit hearing aid	Миниатюрный заушный слуховой аппарат для открытого протезирования (муж.р.)	Usually a very small behind-the-ear-style device that leaves the ear canal open. Sound travels from the instrument through a small tube or wire to a tiny dome or speaker in the ear canal. This style is best for mild to moderate high-frequency losses where low-frequency hearing is still normal or near normal.
51.	Ear plug	Беруши (мн.ч.)	An object made of a soft, pliable material, such as foam or rubber, and fitted into the ear canal to block the entry of water or loud noise.
52.	Earmuffs	Защитные наушники (protect from noise); Теплые наушники, Ухогрейки (protect from cold)	A type of personal protective equipment that covers the entire outer ear, consisting of two ear coverings connected by a band and worn over the ears to protect them from noise or cold.

