

#	English	Translation	Definition
1.	<b>ENT (Ear Nose Throat)</b> <i>Syn.</i> <b>Otorhinolaryngology</b>	Ouvido, nariz e garganta  <i>Sin. (fem.)</i> Otorrinolaringologia	A medical specialty that treats ear, nose, and throat problems.
2.	<b>ENT doctor</b> <i>Syn.</i> <b>Otolaryngologist</b>	(masc.) Otorrinolaringólogo	A physician who specializes in the disorders of the ear, nose, throat.
3.	<b>Ear</b>	(masc.) Ouvido	The sense organ for hearing and balance.
4.	<b>Earlobe</b>	(masc.) Lóbulo da orelha	The soft, fleshy, pendulous lower part of the external ear.
5.	<b>External ear</b> <i>Syn.</i> <b>Outer ear</b>	(masc.) Ouvido externo	The outer portion of the ear, extending from the visible organ on the head to the ear drum.
6.	<b>Ear canal</b>	(masc.) Conduto auditivo	The tube-like passage through which sound enters the ear.
7.	<b>Ear drum</b> <i>Syn.</i> <b>tympanic membrane</b>	(masc) Tímpano  <i>Sin. (fem.)</i> Membrana timpânica	A thin membrane that separates the external ear from the middle ear. Its function is to transmit sound from the air to the bones inside the middle ear. Rupture or perforation of the eardrum can lead to hearing loss.
8.	<b>Middle ear</b>	(masc.) Ouvido médio	The middle ear is the space behind the eardrum.
9.	<b>Inner ear</b>	(masc.) Ouvido interno	The internal portion of the ear inside the skull involved in hearing and balance.
10.	<b>Vestibular system</b>	(masc.) Sistema vestibular  (masc.) Aparelho vestibular	The vestibular system detects motion of the head in space and in turn generates reflexes that help us maintain balance. It also provides us with our subjective sense of movement and orientation in space.
11.	<b>Eustachian tube</b>	(fem.) Trompa de Eustáquio  <i>Sin. (fem.)</i> Tuba/trompa auditiva. (masc.) Tubo faringotimpânico	The tube that connects the middle ear with the back of the nose. Normally this tube lets fluid drain out of the middle ear.

12.	<b>Ear wax</b>	(fem.) Cera, cerumen	A wax-like secretion from glands in the ear canal.
13.	<b>Buildup</b>	(fem.) Acumulação	A gradual accumulation or increase of something negative and typically leading to a problem.
14.	<b>Q-tip</b>	(masc.) Q-tip (masc.) Cotonete (marca reg.)	A brand of cotton-tipped swab used especially for cleansing a small area or for applying medications.
15.	<b>Ear discharge</b> <i>Syn. Otorrhea</i>	(fem.) Secreção do ouvido <i>Sin. (fem.) Otorreia</i> (fem.) Drenagem do ouvido	Fluid that drains from the ear canal.
16.	<b>Otoscope</b>	(masc.) Otoscópio	Instrument for examining the ear canal.
17.	<b>Earache</b>	(masc.) Dor de ouvido	Sensation of pain centered in the ear canal.
18.	<b>Swimmer's ear</b> <i>Syn. Otitis externa</i>	Ouvido de nadador <i>Sin. (fem.) Otite externa</i>	A condition that occurs when water is trapped in the ear canal, leading to an infection in the outer ear and ear canal.
19.	<b>Otitis media with effusion</b>	Otite média secretora <i>Sin. (fem.) Otite média com efusão</i> Otite média serosa	A condition which occurs when there is fluid (effusion) in the middle ear. Fluid in the middle ear usually doesn't bother children. It almost always goes away on its own in a few weeks to a few months. So, this kind of ear problem doesn't usually need to be treated with antibiotics, unless the fluid doesn't go away.
20.	<b>Ruptured eardrum</b> <i>Syn. Perforated eardrum</i>	Ruptura do tímpano <i>Sin. (masc.) Tímpano perfurado</i>	A condition resulting in an opening or hole in the eardrum. Damage to the eardrum may harm hearing.
21.	<b>Mastoid bone</b>	Osso mastoide	A large bone at the base of the skull behind the ear, containing air spaces that connect with the middle ear cavity.
22.	<b>Mastoiditis</b>	Mastoidite	An infection of the bone behind the ear. It is usually caused by a middle ear infection (acute otitis media). The infection may spread from the ear to the mastoid bone of the skull. The mastoid bone fills with infected materials and its honeycomb-like structure may deteriorate.
23.	<b>Ear barotrauma</b>	Barotrauma do ouvido <i>Sin. (masc.) Barotrauma</i> <i>(fem.) Barotite média</i>	Medical problems that arise from the pressure differences between ears and the environment (water, air) and is a particular concern for scuba divers. It may also happen during an airplane flight.
24.	<b>External ear squeeze</b>	Barotite externa <i>Sin. (fem.) aerotite externa</i>	A type of barotrauma, which occurs when your ear canal is blocked by something such as earwax. As the water pressure increases while you descend, the air pocket between the obstruction and the eardrum shrinks. This can damage the tissue in the ear canal,



			usually your eardrum.
25.	<b>Middle ear squeeze</b>	Barotite média <i>Sin. (fem.) aerotite média</i>	A type of barotrauma, which occurs when you cannot equalize the pressure in your middle ear.
26.	<b>Vestibular disorder</b>	Transtorno vestibular	A dysfunction of the balance organs of the inner ear
27.	<b>Dizziness</b>	Tontura	A sensation of lightheadedness, faintness, or unsteadiness. It can be a primary sign of a vestibular disorder in addition to a broad array of cardiovascular, neurological, metabolic, vision, and psychological problems.
28.	<b>Vertigo</b>	Vertigem	A rotational, spinning sensation. An extreme feeling of the surrounding area spinning or moving.
29.	<b>Disequilibrium</b>	Falta de equilíbrio	A feeling of unsteadiness, imbalance, or loss of equilibrium that is often accompanied by spatial disorientation.
30.	<b>Labyrinthitis</b>	Labirintite	An ear disorder that involves irritation and swelling (inflammation) of the inner ear.
31.	<b>Meniere's disease</b>	Doença de Ménière <i>Sin. (fem.) Síndrome de Ménière</i>	An inner ear disorder that affects balance and hearing.
32.	<b>Ringling in the Ears</b> <i>(colloq.)</i> <i>Syn. Tinnitus</i>	Zumbido no ouvido <i>Sin Tinido</i>	"Hearing" noises in your ears when there is no outside source of the sounds. The noises you hear can be soft or loud. They may sound like ringing, blowing, roaring, buzzing, hissing, humming, whistling, or sizzling.
33.	<b>Acoustic neuroma</b>	Neuroma acústico	A noncancerous growth or tumor on the auditory nerve near the inner ear. The auditory nerve carries sound impulses from the ear to the brain. An acoustic neuroma grows slowly and can cause hearing loss in the affected ear. Although the growth is not cancerous, it can press on other nerves or brain tissues as it grows.
34.	<b>To pull on the ear</b> <i>Syn. To tug at the ear</i>	Puxando a orelha	To hold onto the ear and move it towards yourself or down.
35.	<b>A stuffy or plugged-up feeling in the ear</b>	Ouvido entupido	A feeling in the ear as if something obstructs it.
36.	<b>Muffled hearing</b>	Perda de audição Audição distorcida	Hearing sounds not at their actual volume but as if being obstructed in some way; muted.



37.	<b>Ear drops</b>	Gotas para o ouvido Gotas otológicas	Liquid medicine designed to be dripped into the ear canal.
38.	<b>Otologic surgery</b>	Cirurgia otológica	Surgery performed on the external, middle or internal ear.
39.	<b>Ear tubes</b> <i>Syn. Tympanostomy tubes</i>	Tubos de ventilação para os ouvidos <i>Sin.</i> Tubos de timpanostomia	Tiny plastic tubes that help drain the fluid from the middle ear, and balance the pressure in a child's ears. They allow air into the middle ear so that fluid can drain out down the eustachian tube. They're put into the eardrum during surgery and stay in place for an average of 6 to 9 months. The tubes are usually left in place until they fall out on their own or your doctor decides your child no longer needs them.
40.	<b>Hearing test</b> <i>Syn. Audiometric test</i>	Teste de audição <i>Sin.</i> Audiometria	Part of an ear examination that evaluates a person's ability to hear by measuring the ability of sound to reach the brain. The test is often performed using an audiometer.
41.	<b>Audiometer</b>	Audiômetro	A device used to determine a person's hearing sensitivity at different frequencies.
42.	<b>Audiologist</b>	Audiologista	Hearing specialists who are trained to identify, diagnose, measure, and treat hearing disorders or balance problems.
43.	<b>Hearing loss</b>	Perda de audição <i>Sin.</i> Surdez	The inability to hear sound either partly or totally in one or both ears.
44.	<b>Hard of hearing (adj)</b> <i>Syn. Hearing-impaired</i>	Hipoacúsico <i>Sin.</i> Com deficiências auditivas	A term applied to persons whose hearing is impaired but who have enough hearing left for practical use; having reduced or deficient hearing ability;
45.	<b>Deaf</b>	Surdo	Partially or wholly lacking or deprived of the sense of hearing; unable to hear.
46.	<b>Hearing aid</b>	Aparelho auditivo Auxiliar auditivo	A small device that fits in or on the ear, worn by a hard of hearing person to amplify sound.
47.	<b>Completely-in-the-canal hearing aid</b>	Aparelho auditivo completamente no canal <i>Sin.</i> Aparelho auditivo intracanal	A device that is molded to fit inside your ear canal and can improve mild to moderate hearing loss in adults.
48.	<b>In-the-ear hearing aid</b> <i>Syn. Full-shell</i>	Aparelho auditivo intra-auricular <i>Sin.</i> Cobertura completa	A custom made device that fills most of the bowl-shaped area of your outer ear. This style is helpful for people with mild to severe hearing loss.



49.	<b>Behind-the-ear hearing aid</b>	Aparelho auditivo retroauricular	A device that hooks over the top of your ear and rests behind the ear. The hearing aid picks up sound, amplifies it and carries the amplified sound to an ear mold that fits inside your ear canal. This style is appropriate for almost all types of hearing loss and for people of all ages.
50.	<b>Open-fit hearing aid</b>	Aparelho auditivo de adaptação aberta	Usually a very small behind-the-ear-style device that leaves the ear canal open. Sound travels from the instrument through a small tube or wire to a tiny dome or speaker in the ear canal. This style is best for mild to moderate high-frequency losses where low-frequency hearing is still normal or near normal.
51.	<b>Ear plug</b>	Tampões de ouvidos	An object made of a soft, pliable material, such as foam or rubber, and fitted into the ear canal to block the entry of water or loud noise.
52.	<b>Earmuffs</b>	Aquecedores de orelha	A type of personal protective equipment that covers the entire outer ear, consisting of two ear coverings connected by a band and worn over the ears to protect them from noise or cold.

